9. Questions by Councillors

9.1 On Reports of the *Executive*/Cabinet or Committee.

A *Councillor* may ask the *Leader*, the *Chairman of the Council* or a Committee Chairman questions without notice about an item in a report of the *Executive*/<u>Cabinet</u> or of that Committee when it is being considered.

9.2 Questions on Notice at Council Meetings.

Subject to rule 9.3, a *Councillor* may ask the *Chairman of the Council*, the *Leader*, any *Executive*/<u>Cabinet Members</u> or the *Chairman* any Committee a question about any matter in relation to which the Council has powers or duties or which affects the District.

9.3 <u>Notice of Questions.</u>

A Councillor may only ask a question under Rule 9.2 if either:

- (a) <u>notice has been given by delivering it in writing or by electronic mail to</u> the Monitoring Officer no later than midday seven clear working days before the day of the meetingthey have given at least seven clear working days notice in writing of the question to the Monitoring Officer; or
- (b) the question relates to urgent matters, they have the consent of the Councillor to whom the question is to be put and the content of the question is given to the Monitoring Officer by 9 am on the day of the meeting.

9.4 <u>Response.</u>

An answer may take the form of:

- (a) a direct oral answer;
- (b) where the desired information is in a publication of the Council or other published work, a reference to that publication; or
- (c) a written answer circulated to the questioner.

9.5 <u>Supplementary Question.</u>

A Councillor asking a question under Rule 9.2 may ask one supplementary question without notice. A supplementary question must arise directly out of the original question or reply.

9.6 <u>Number of Questions.</u>

Questions on notice are limited to one per Councillor per meeting, plus one supplementary question.

9.7 <u>Time for Questions.</u>

There will be am overall time limit of fifteen minutes on Councillors' questions with no extension of time and questions not dealt with in this time will be dealt with by written response.

9.8 Format of Questions.

Councillors must confine their contributions to questions and answers and not make statements or attempt to debate. The *Chairman of the Council* will decide whether a Councillor is contravening this rule and stop the Councillor concerned. The *Chairman of the Council's* ruling will be final.

10. Motions - on Notice

10.1 <u>Notice.</u>

Except for motions which can be moved without notice under Rule 11, written notice of every motion, signed by at least one Councillor, must be delivered to the Monitoring Officer not later than midday on the day seven clear working days before the date of the meeting. These will be entered in a book open to inspection by the public.

10.2 <u>Scope.</u>

Motions must be about matters for which the Council has a responsibility or which affect the area. The *Chairman of the Council* may, on the advice of the *Chief Executive*, refuse a motion which is illegal, scurrilous, improper or out of order.

10.3 Motions Set Out in the Agenda.

Motions for which notice has been given will be listed on the agenda in the order in which notice was received, unless the Councillor giving notice states, in writing, that they propose to move it to a later meeting or withdraw it.

11. Motions and Amendments - Without Notice

- 11.1 The following motions and amendments may be moved without notice:
 - (a) to appoint a *Chairman* of the meeting at which the motion is moved;
 - (b) in relation to the accuracy of the Minutes;
 - (c) to change the order of business in the Agenda;
 - (d) to refer something to an appropriate body or individual;

- (e) to appoint a Committee or Councillor arising from an item on the summons for the meeting;
- (f) to receive reports and recommendations of Committees or officers and to make any decisions necessarily arising;
- (g) to withdraw a motion;
- (h) to amend a motion;
- (i) to proceed to the next business;
- (j) that the question be now put;
- (k) to adjourn a debate;
- (I) to adjourn a meeting;
- (m) to suspend a particular Procedure Rule;
- (n) to exclude the public in accordance with the Access to Information Procedure Rules;
- (o) not to hear a Councillor further or to require a Councillor to leave the meeting; (rules 22.2 and 22.3) and
- (p) to give the consent of the Council where its consent is required by this Constitution.