BOLSOVER DISTRICT COUNCIL

Housing Allocations Policy

This Policy addresses the following Corporate Aims (show those which are appropriate to the policy only):



The Bolsover District Council Equalities Statement

The District of Bolsover is committed to equalities as an employer and in all the services provided to all sections of the community.

The Council believes that no person should be treated unfairly and is committed to eliminate all forms of discrimination in compliance with the Equality Policy.

The Council also has due regard to eliminate racial discrimination and to proactively promote equality of opportunity and good relations between persons of different racial groups when performing its functions.

This document is available in large print and other formats from any of the Council Offices or by contacting the Chief Executives Directorate on 01246 242341 . Please bear in mind we will need a few days to arrange this facility.

If you need help to read this document please do not hesitate to contact us.

Our Equalities Officer can be contacted by **Email** or by telephoning 01246 242323 or 01246 242407.

Minicom: 01246 242450 Fax: 01246 242424

DATA PROTECTION

Information given to Bolsover District Council will be used only for the Council's lawful purposes, for the provision of joined up services, and will not be passed to anyone outside the Council without lawful authority.

Details of Document	
Title	Allocations Policy
Document type – i.e. draft or final version	Final
Location of Policy	L:\housing\
Author of Policy	Peter Campbell, Head of Housing
Reviewed by Director of Ops	
Risk Assessment completed	
Community Safety implications	Considered
Equality Impact Assessment completed.	Yes
Approved by	
Date Approved	
Policy Review Date	

Draft 4 – including feedback from housing dept.

- Draft 5 version for SMT after all housing comments
- Draft 6 including feedback from Director of Neighbourhoods

CONTENTS

- The Introduction including the background or rationale of the policy
- The Scope of the Policy including to whom it will apply and any requirements of compliance.
- The Principles of the Policy to link in with the Corporate Aims and Vision.
- The Policy Statement this may need to be divided down into subsections if the policy is lengthy
- Responsibility for implementing the Policy (and implementation plans where necessary).
- 6. Any Target Groups and Key Areas, if applicable
- 7. More information, if applicable
- 8. Glossary of Terms, if applicable

Allocations Policy

Scope

This policy covers the way the Council allocates Council housing. This includes:

- Who is eligible to apply for housing
- Circumstances when people will not be considered for rehousing
- The process of applying for housing
- How needs are assessed
- How properties are allocated to different household sizes and circumstances.
- Household sizes
- How to deal with cases that fall outside general guidance
- The circumstances when different tenancies are used.
- How offers of accommodation are made

Principles

- 1. To make the best use of the housing owned by the District Council.
- 2. To allocate properties that meet the needs of applicants and gives priority to those in most need.
- 3. To have a system that is transparent and easy to understand.
- 4. To have a system that treats all sectors of the community fairly.
- 5. To offer choice to applicants

This policy is linked to the Mutual Exchange Policy and Succession Policy and the Sub-Regional Housing Allocations Policy.

Who does this apply to?

1) Who is eligible to apply for housing?

- a) With a few exceptions, noted below, British Nationals over the age of 18 within the UK are able to apply for a Council property within Bolsover. In addition there are some other groups that are able to apply:
- b) Nationals of EEA countries (European Countries plus Iceland, Norway and Liechtenstein) who are living here; or who are workers as defined by the EU; or have a right to live in the UK. Please note that there are additional restrictions on nationals of countries who have recently joined the European Union)
- c) People who are subject to immigration control who have no restrictions on their call on public funds.
- d) People living outside the UK who have a connection with the district. For example armed forces personnel and their families currently posted overseas and people returning from working overseas.

2) Who is not eligible for housing?

- a) People under the age of 18.
- b) People who are resident in this country but who are prohibited by law from having access to public housing
- c) People determined by the Secretary of State as ineligible as a result of their immigration status.

3) People who will be excluded from the waiting list due to their own behaviour.

These are grounds that are included within the 2002 Homelessness Act. We will exclude people from the waiting list if either:

The behaviour of the person concerned which would (if he were a secure tenant of the authority) entitle the authority to a possession order under section 84 of the Housing Act 1985 (c. 68) on any ground mentioned in Part 1 of Schedule 2

Or, (b) behaviour of a member of his household which would (if they were a person residing with a secure tenant of the authority) entitle the authority to such a possession order

This means the following will be excluded.

- a) People who are current tenants of the Council (or other Councils or Housing Associations) who have (either themselves or a member of their household) broken the condition of their tenancy and this breach is so serious that the Council or (Housing Association) have been granted a suspended possession order. In this case the Council will not consider the applicant until the breach is rectified and the applicant has successfully applied to the court to have the conditions revoked.
- b) Former tenants of the Council (or other Council or Housing Association) who have lost a previous home as a result of a breach of tenancy.
- c) Tenants within the private sector who have breached the terms of their tenancy and the landlord has gained a possession order. This excludes the mandatory possession under ground 8 where the court must grant possession if the tenant has rent arrears of over 8 weeks.
- d) People who are not current tenants of the Council but have committed acts of anti-social behaviour that are so serious that if they were Council tenants the Council could have gained outright possession of their property.

In all cases applicants will be informed of the Council's decision, and this will include a right to appeal.

4) People who can apply for rehousing but the Council will not offer housing as a result of the behaviour of the applicant

In some circumstances the Council will not consider an applicant for rehousing as a result of the behaviour of the applicant or a member of their household. The clauses below are not absolute and any decision should consider the circumstances of the applicant at that time. Any such decisions shall be considered by the Housing Application Review Panel (HARP panel) and not by individual officers.

- a) People who are current tenants of the Council who have (or a member of their household has) broken the condition of their tenancy. The Council will not consider the applicant until the breach is rectified examples include tenants who have damaged their home; carried out unauthorised alterations; causing anti social behaviour; or with rent arrears
- b) People who are current tenants of a Housing Association or another Council who have (or a member of their household has) broken a condition of their tenancy. The Council will not consider the applicant until the current landlord confirms the breach is rectified.
- c) People who are not current tenants of the Council but have behaved in such a way that if they were Council tenants the Council could have gained a possession order of their property.
- d) People who are involved in causing Anti-Social behaviour where this behaviour is current, ongoing and where the anti-social behaviour team are involved.
- e) Current or former tenants of the authority who have rent arrears or other housing related debts. This should only last until such time that the debt is repaid in full.
- f) Applicants who have a housing related debt with a Housing Association or other landlord. This exclusion will only last until such a time that the applicant has made an arrangement to repay the debt and has demonstrated their intention to keep to this arrangement for a reasonable length of time.
- g) If an applicant has knowingly given false or misleading information their application will not be considered for a period of up to 36 months.
- h) If, in the opinion of the Council, an applicant has acted in such a way as to worsen their own housing situation the Council may withhold any additional points for a period of up to 36 months.

In all the above cases the applicant will be informed in writing of the decision of the Council and be given the details of how to appeal against this decision. Any appeal will be assessed by the Head of Housing.

5) Special circumstances

Current tenants

Any applicant who has been rehoused by the Council into a secure tenancy will not be able to reapply for rehousing for a period of 12 months after the starting date of their tenancy. Exceptions can be agreed by the HARP panel.

If the applicant is not capable of entering into a contract

The Council cannot enter into a contractual agreement with people who are unable to understand this contract. If a person has mental health issues, learning difficulties of other issues that suggest they may not be able to understand the tenancy agreement the Council cannot enter into this agreement. In such cases the Council can only enter into an agreement with Power of Attorney who has been appointed by the court.

When the Council has provided adaptations to the current home

If a person has an adaptation fitted to their current home to meet their needs. (regardless or whether this is a Council property) and the person has signed an undertaking to remain in that home for a period of time. The applicant will not be considered until a period of 5 years after the fitting of the adaptation, or other period determined within any grant conditions. If there has been a significant change in circumstances, as determined by the Council, this condition may be waived by the HARP panel. This does not apply for Council properties if there is no longer anyone living in the property who needs these adaptations.

Applicants under the age of 18

The authority will not normally accept a housing application from a person under the age of 18 on the housing waiting list. If however, a person under the age of 18 has been accepted as homeless by the authority they will be able to apply. When a person under 18 is offered a tenancy this will be a nonsecure tenancy (as the person is homeless) and will normally need a guarantor from a responsible adult or an external agency such as Social Care. The guarantor must guarantee rent payments, the condition of the property and ensure that all tenancy conditions are met.

Applicants with connections to the Council

If an applicant has a connection with the Council they are treated no differently than any other applicant. However, before any offer of accommodation is made this must be authorised by either the Head of

Housing or a member of Senior Management Team. For this purpose an applicant with a connection includes:

- Any applicant who is a current member of Council staff
- Any applicant who has been a member of staff within the past 10 years,
- Any applicant who is a current elected Councillor of BDC
- Any applicant who has been a Councillor of BDC within the past 5 years.
- A close relative of any of the above (mother, father, son, daughter, brother, sister, partner, nephew, niece, uncle, aunt, grandparent, or grandchild - partners and people living together are treated in the same was as if they were married)
- Any applicant who is in the paid employment, are shareholders of a Board Member of any organisation who has any contractual agreement of over £10,000 per year with BDC.

Changes to circumstances.

People who apply for housing will normally be allocated into a band to reflect their housing need, and will also be awarded points to reflect their needs. If an applicant has either taken action that has worsened their own housing situation, or have not taken action that could have prevented their situation from worsening, they should not benefit from any additional points for a period of up to 5 years. For example:

- An owner occupier who hands over their home to their children will be treated as if they were still an owner occupier.
- A person who has moved into smaller accommodation and is now overcrowded will be treated as if they were not overcrowded.
- A person who has voluntarily given up a tenancy.

Any such case will be considered by the HARP panel. If, in the opinion of the panel, the applicant has made their own situation worse, or not prevented a situation from worsening, priority and/or points will be withheld for a period determined by the panel. The applicant will be informed of this in writing.

6) Risk Management

If any housing applicant or a member of their household fits into any of the following categories:

- a. Is currently in prison
- b. Is currently in a bail hostel or similar
- c. Is currently on probation or under licence
- d. Is currently involved in anti social behaviour or is suspected of being involved in anti social behaviour
- e. Has a drug, alcohol or other addiction.
- f. Has any conviction for sexual offences.

g. Has extensive support needs.

Prior to any offer of accommodation the Housing Needs Officer will pass relevant details to:

- The Tenancy Management Officer
- The Housing Needs Manager, and
- The Housing Enforcement Manager

Any of these officers may then decide to call a Case Conference on the applicant. The Case Conference will look at all available evidence on the case to determine if the offer of accommodation poses an unacceptable risk to the Council, Council officers or the wider community.

The Case Conference is not able to exclude people from the waiting list, but may refer cases to HARP recommending the refusal.

The Case Conference may make other recommendations, such as excluding an applicant from certain areas, properties etc. These decisions will normally be conveyed to the applicant but the conference may decide not to convey this to the applicant. Examples of when this would be appropriate would be if an applicant with a conviction for domestic violence is being considered for accommodation close to a victim. If the decision is made not to inform the applicant the reasons must be recorded.

The Case conference must also have regard to future risk to Council Officers and consider if the applicant should be included on the Councils employee protection register. The Case Conference may also consider the support needs of an applicant, and make any offer of accommodation conditional on the delivery of an appropriate support package.

7) Review of applications.

All applications will be reviewed annually, in line with the original application date, to ensure the application information is kept up to date.

At the anniversary of the application date each applicant will be written to and invited to confirm their application status and details, if no response is received to this letter or subsequent reminders this will result in the application being cancelled.

8) Cancelling Applications

Applications will be cancelled in the following circumstances:

- The applicant is allocated a Council property or nominated to a Housing Association property (and the applicant accepts this tenancy).
- Purchase of the property through right to buy
- At applicant's request

- No response to the annual review
- Applicant moves and does not inform Bolsover District Council of their new address.

How to apply for housing

Anyone wanting to apply for housing should do so on a Housing Application Form produced by the Council. No other form of application will be considered, however the Council will ensure that the form is available in different formats to meet the different needs of the applicant. This includes:

- To either translate the form into a suitable language for the applicant or to provide a translation service for the applicant. This will only normally be available within the Bolsover district.
- Providing large print versions of the form.
- Providing a service where a member of staff will read the questions to an applicant and record the answers on the form. In this case the form will be read back to the applicant before signature.

The application form will be checked by officers. Only complete forms together with the relevant proof of identity and proof of current address will be processed and entered onto the computer system. Incomplete forms, including where proof is not provided, will be returned to the applicant who will be asked to supply the missing details. An applicant will not be considered until all information is received and this has been input onto the computer system.

Verification

To ensure applicants are assessed correctly the following information is required to confirm the eligibility of all members of the household requiring rehousing.

Proof of identity – applicants will be asked to provide two items from the following list as proof of identity.

Full birth certificate Medical card Marriage certificate Driving licence Passport Proof of benefit entitlement

Proof of current address – two items from the following list as proof of the applicant's current address.

Recent bank statement Council tax bill

Recent utility bill (eg gas / electricity) or telephone (but not mobile telephone) – maximum of one item from this category. TV licence Tenancy agreement

If this information is not provided, the application will not be processed.

Checking information

By signing the form an applicant is giving permission to the Council to check any information contained on the form and any other information provided to support the application. Officers will make whatever checks they feel are appropriate. The onus is on the applicant to provide the information that is needed. The Council will not be responsible for any expense incurred by the applicant in providing the information. For example, if a GP charges for a letter this is a matter between the applicant and their doctor.

The Council may make requests for information from third parties to help to check or clarify information provided by the applicant. This may involve seeking independent advice on medical and other issues. If these checks are charged for this will normally be met by the Council.

All applicants living within the Bolsover district will normally receive a visit at their home before any offer of accommodation is made. The purpose of this visit is to check that details held by the Council are correct and the requirements of the applicant are unchanged. If there are circumstances where a visit is not appropriate this must be authorised by the Housing Needs Manager, Housing Enforcement Manager or Head of Housing.

People who live outside the District will normally only be visited if this is authorised by the Housing Needs Manager, Housing Enforcement Manager or Head of Housing – and this will be limited to those in neighbouring authority areas. In other cases a reference will be requested from the applicant's landlord (Housing Association or Local Authority).

If as a result of these checks it is discovered that an applicant has given false or misleading information in order to improve their prospects for rehousing the Council will not consider their application for a period of up to 5 years. The actual length of time will be confirmed by the HARP panel.

Similarly, if as a result of these checks it is discovered that the applicant or a member of their household is conducting themselves in such a way that they would be excluded from the register or not offered accommodation the case will be discussed by the HARP panel who will decide the appropriate action

If a person obtains a tenancy through providing false or misleading information the Council will seek possession of the property and will consider other appropriate actions against the applicant.

Allowing Choice

The Council system of letting properties is a choice based letting scheme. This differs from traditional schemes as properties will be advertised and applicants will 'bid' on properties that suit their needs. Government guidance suggests that all choice based lettings schemes include an element of advertising.

We may adopt plans under this policy to introduce a Local Lettings Policy for specific estates and areas. These will be agreed by?/

To ensure that the Council makes best use of its housing stock and meets its obligations the Council will consider applicants in Bands. These bands are:

Band A – Urgent need for rehousing Band B – High needs for rehousing Band C – Some need for rehousing Band D – Low need for rehousing

Properties will be advertised for applicants in each band on a quota basis. This means that being in a "higher" band does not mean that an applicant will get priority for all properties. See the Section Letting a Property on Page 19.

Awarding Points

Each applicant will be awarded a number of points to reflect their current housing situation. Points will be awarded to reflect the assessed need of the applicant. These will be used to prioritise applicants in Band B and Band C, but will be calculated for all applicants. (Band A and Band D will be prioritised by date order)

The use of Bands and the awarding of points will ensure that reasonable preference is given to:

- People who have been accepted by the authority as homeless
- People living in insanitary or overcrowded conditions
- People who need to move for medical or social grounds
- People who need to move to a particular area within the district to provide care for others or to receive care from others.
- People who cannot afford other housing options.
- People who are in accommodation that is too large for their needs.

INDIVIDUAL NEEDS

Medical conditions

Applicants with a medical condition may be considered for a property with an additional bedroom if the medical condition warrants this. This decision must be confirmed by the HARP panel.

Applicants with a medical condition may be awarded additional points if a move to alternative accommodation will help alleviate either the condition or assist with mobility issues. Two aspects will be taken into consideration:

- a) Any medical condition identified by the applicant
- b) The current housing conditions of the applicant

No additional points will be awarded for medical conditions that appear to be unconnected to the current housing condition of the applicant, or where a move will not make a real difference to the living conditions of the applicant.

It is the responsibility of the applicant to inform the Council of any medical issues. The Council will only ask for information from medical professionals in high priority cases, and this will be always in writing. Where applicants chose to provide other information they will be responsible or any fees or charges made.

Mental Health issues are not included within this process. If an applicant is claiming that their mental health is worsened by their housing conditions this will normally be referred to the Councils medical advisors for comment and then considered by the HARP panel who may consider an additional 5 points.

A matrix showing the types of points awarded for medical conditions is included in Appendix B. This does not cover every situation, but does provide a framework within which officers can work.

All cases that may result in an applicant being awarded either Band A or Band B priority will be assessed by the Councils Medical Assessor. The full response will be recorded and form part of the application. The Council will meet the fee of this assessment.

Lower level priority (up to 10 points) in Band C may be awarded by Housing Needs Officers using the matrix in Appendix B. To ensure a clear audit trail is established, the officer making this decision must give full details of the priority on the Medical Priority form and enter this onto the Academy system.

If the applicant is unhappy with the level of medical points awarded they are able to request a review. Any review will be dealt with by the Council's medical advisors, and the applicant will be expected to pay the fee for this before the assessment. The fee will be refunded if the appeal is successful. Any decision made by the Council's medical advisor is final, and there can be no further appeal. In cases of extreme hardship the HARP panel can chose to waive the review fee.

Disability

A disability will only be considered relevant if, in the opinion of the Council, a move into a different type of property would make a real difference to the applicant or their household. For example an applicant with a disability that made stairs difficult to climb would be awarded priority if their current property had stairs (and no adaptation to help) they would not be awarded any priority if their current housing was level access or contained adaptations to make the property suitable.

Need for an Adapted Property.

An applicant with an assessed need for specific adaptations will not normally be offered a property where these adaptations are not already fitted – this excludes minor adaptations such as handrails. Exceptions to this can be considered by the HARP only after a full assessment has been carried out by the Occupational Therapists, and this included options for adapting their applicant's current property.

Similarly if an applicant has been awarded additional priority as they (or a member of their household) have a medical need means that some properties types are unsuitable, the applicant will not be offered an unsuitable property.

If an applicant moved into a property with a need for adaptations, and has neglected to inform the Council of this need, the Council will not automatically carry out these adaptations, and will consider charging the applicant for these works.

Homelessness

Homeless has a specific definition within this policy. A homeless person is someone who has been accepted as homeless by this Council. For this to be awarded the Council must have carried out an investigation that has determined that the applicant is:

- Eligible for housing within this country, and
- Is homeless, at risk of losing their home or cannot access their home and
- In priority need vulnerable for example with children, or health problems , and
- Not intentionally homelessness i.e. the applicant has not acted in a way that has either made them homeless or not done something that could have prevented them becoming homeless, and.
- Has a local connection if there is no connection we may refer the applicant to another area.

In most cases the Council will work with the applicant to try to avoid the person becoming homeless and to consider options other than access to Council housing.

If a person does present themself as homeless. The Council will carry out an investigation. This will involve a formal interview, and gathering information from others. This process will normally be completed within 28 days.

All people who have applied as homeless, and the investigation is concluded, will be issued with a letter. For successful applicants this will confirm the Council's responsibility and also their priority within the Choice Based Lettings Scheme. For applicants who are not accepted they will receive a letter detailing the reasons for the Council's decision and their right to appeal. This is a statutory requirement.

If a person wishes to appeal against the homelessness decision they have a right to appeal. This appeal is a statutory right and therefore falls outside the Councils own complaints procedure. The person hearing the appeal must not have been involved in the original decision and be senior to the person making the original decision.

Bungalows and adapted properties

Particular care needs to be taken in allocating bungalows and sheltered housing. Such properties can only be allocated to people who have a need for the facilities provided. An incorrect allocation could have an impact on the:

- Concessionary Television Licences to other residents
- Supporting People Contract which provides support for some residents, and
- perceived danger and insecurity felt by current vulnerable residents and their families.
- Sheltered accommodation is currently excluded from the Right to Buy. Inappropriate allocation may lead to this being questioned and some properties could be lost to the Right to Buy.

Allocations can therefore only normally be made within the limits shown in the following sections. However, other allocations may be approved by the HARP panel this could either be a household more serious disabilities (for example multiple household members with disabilities, or a particular need to be in an area) or to let a property that is proving difficult to let using the above criteria.

In all allocations to bungalows and adapted properties where there are other family members it must be made clear to the tenant that should they die or need to move out of the property with no foreseeable return, and there is no other household member with the need for the facilities in that property, the Council will seek to move the remaining family into alternative accommodation.

Household Sizes

The Council will not allocate properties that mean that families will either be overcrowded or under occupy a property (see above section on Household size). The only exception to this is when a Council tenant downsizes to a smaller property, and the subsequent empty property is available to be let (for example a single tenant could move from a 3 bed house to a 2 bed house). This does not include people left in occupation after the death of a tenant.

In assessing what size accommodation we will consider for each household, we will offer additional points for overcrowding using the following guidance. These definitions used by Bolsover District Council and are more generous than the statutory definitions.

a. Children

- No more than 2 children should share a room
- A child up to the age of 8 can share a double bedroom with 1 other child of either sex.
- A child up to the age of 16 can share a double bedroom with 1 other child of the same sex.
- Children over the age of 16 should have their own bedroom.
- Children are not considered as part of the household of the applicant if the children are resident elsewhere or if there is a residence order that involved the children living with the applicant for less than 50% of the time.
- Adopted children are treated in the same way as other children.
- If the applicant acts as a foster parent enquires will be made with Social Services regarding the length of the fostering arrangements and the case referred to the HARP panel. Requests to move to a larger property to allow the applicant to foster will be considered by the HARP panel.

b. Couples

- The Council will treat families headed by a single parent in the same way as a family headed by a couple.
- Two people living together will be treated as a couple regardless of their marital status or sexual orientation.
- Couples should have their own bedrooms and not share with children.
- Couples can be treated as needing two bedrooms only if there is a medical need and the Council's medical assessment agrees with this need.

c. Non-dependents

• Children over the age of 18 should only be regarded as part of the household if they have always lived with the applicant and they have a

need for their own bedroom. If they have moved away and then moved back with the applicant, for example after a relationship breakdown they will be treated as a non-dependent.

- Non-dependents will only be considered as a member of the household should they have been residing with the applicant for a period of over 12 months. A non-dependent will have a need for their own bedroom.
- Non -dependents who are a couple, regardless of marital status and sexual orientation, are able to share a double bedroom.
- Qualification periods may be waived by the HARP panel for nondependents who give care to the applicant, or for non-dependents who receive care from applicants.
- Commercial lodgers are never considered as non-dependents. (In this context Commercial Lodgers are non-family members who are receiving board and/or lodgings in return for payment, or payment in kind).
- Other non-dependents who do have lived with the applicants for less than 12 months will be disregarded

d. Pregnant Women

- Pregnant women will be required to provide proof of pregnancy for example a certificate of confinement or a letter from a GP.
- No additional points will be awarded to pregnant women. However once the child is born they may be awarded additional points as there will be an additional child in the household (see a. above).
- In some circumstances, where the birth of the children would cause serious overcrowding (especially for multiple births) the HARP panel may decide to award a level of additional points equal to the level of points the applicant would have after the child(ren) is born. The points will be removed if the pregnancy does not run its full term.

If a member of the applicant's household applies for housing in his/her own right, they will no longer be considered a part of the applicant's household for rehousing.

PROPERTY SIZE

In order to make the best use of the housing stock properties will be allocated to match the needs of the household of the applicant. The following table shows what size and type of accommodation would be considered for each type of household.

	1 Child Family	2 Child Family	3 Child Family	3 + Child Family	Single Person	Single Person 50 +	Single Person 60+	Childless couple	Couple 50+	Couple 60+	Single Person Disability	Couple Disability
Bedsit					YES	YES	YES					
1 bed flat – ground					YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
floor												
1 bed flat – upper					YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES		
floors												
1 bed + flat *	YES	YES			YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
2 bed flat - ground floor	YES	YES						YES	YES	YES		YES
2 bed flat – upper	YES	YES			YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES		
floors												
1 bed bungalow						YES	YES		YES	YES	HARP	HARP
2 bed bungalow							YES			YES	HARP	HARP
3 bed bungalow		•		ALWA	YS ALL	OCATED	THROUG	H HARP P	PANEL		•	
(adapted)												
1 bed house					YES	YES	YES	YES			YES	YES
2 bed house	YES	YES										YES
2 bed + house *	YES	YES										YES
3 bed house		YES	YES	YES								
4 bed house			YES	YES								
Sheltered bedsit							YES				HARP	HARP
Sheltered 1 bed flat							YES		YES	YES	HARP	HARP
Sheltered 1 bed							YES		YES	YES	HARP	
bungalow												
Sheltered 2 bed							YES			YES	HARP	HARP
bungalow												

* NOTE – The above table refers to 1 bed + flats and 2 bed + houses. These are either two bed roomed flats that are in areas with very limited single person accommodation or 3 bed houses with very limited 2 bed accommodation. If analysis of the allocation system suggests that the needs of these communities can be better met with flexibility the Head of Housing may, in consultation with the Portfolio Holder, designate a proportion of properties as 'plus' properties. This replaces the 'exception' points from the previous allocations policy.

Letting a Property

a. Lettings Bands

The Council have four housing register needs bands.

To go onto the housing register applicants must complete a housing application form and provide other information. See the section above on Applying for Accommodation.

Applicants are grouped into 1 of the 4 lettings bands which best describes their circumstances. There is a single housing register and all applicants will have their request for re-housing assessed on the same basis as other applicants on the register.

b. Allocation of Properties

The allocation of individual properties will be carried out under the control of the Housing Needs Manager who will ensure that the targets set out in the Policy are met.

- Band A: Urgent Need for rehousing ranked in date order
- Band B: High Need for rehousing ranked in points order
- Band C: Some need for rehousing ranked in points order

Band D: Low need for rehousing – ranked in date order

Sub – regional scheme

Properties will be allocated to one of these bands (or the sub regional scheme, see Sub Regional Policy – separate document) following the quotas explained in Appendix D. To be considered for accommodation applicants will need to bid for a property. Applicants are only able to bid for properties that are advertised in the appropriate band, and will only be considered for appropriately sized property.

The property will be allocated to the applicant who has bid for the property who has either:

- The earliest priority date Band A and Band D, or
- The highest number of points Band B and Band C

Applicants will be placed into a priority band to reflect their current housing situation. This is explained in the following section.

Band A – Urgent Need

This band includes applicants with the highest need for rehousing. However, it is time limited and prioritised in date order which means that applicants will need to be flexible in considering which properties to bid for.

Applicants placed within this band include:

Statutorily homeless

An applicant who is statutorily homeless, eligible for assistance, in priority need, not intentionally homeless and with a local connection. This is a strict definition of statutory homeless, rather than the common usage. It is only the Council who can accept someone as a homeless person.

Statutorily unfit for human habitation

Where, following assessment, the applicant's property is subject to a prohibition order, emergency action, demolition order or clearance under the Housing Health and Safety Rating System of the Housing Act 2004.

Severe Medical Needs

Applicants with severe medical needs or with disabilities where their quality of life will improve significantly if they moved to alternative accommodation. This only applies when the medical assessment has recommended 25 points of above (see Appendix B). This level of points can only be awarded by the medical assessor and where the current properly is unsuitable.

Immediate threat of harm.

Other people with high assessed need. This is intended to include only those people where there is a severe risk to the applicant or their family and where their issue will be alleviated by a move to a different property.

In all these circumstances priority will only be awarded following an investigation and the approval of the HARP panel.

Positions within the Band

An applicants positions within Band A is determined by the date at which Band A was granted, i.e. the date when the applicant qualified for Band A. Offers of accommodation will be made by date order of the status date.

It two or more applicants have the same Band A status date the applicant with the earliest original housing application registration date will be offered the property first.

Time limit on priority

Priority is granted to enable applicants to be re-housed as quickly as possible to resolve their severe and urgent needs and is not intended to allow applicants to access a restricted choice of accommodation.

Priority is given to applicants for an initial three months period.

Applicants are expected to consider and bid for as wide a range of housing and areas as possible. Once priority is granted the applicant will be advised of the accommodation and areas that are considered suitable for their needs and for which they are expected to bid.

If the applicant has not accepted an offer of accommodation at the end of this period the application will be reviewed by the Housing Needs Officer taking into account the properties which became available for which the applicant was expected to bid, the bids made by the applicant and whether any offers were made to the applicant.

BAND B – APPLICANTS WITH HIGH HOUSING NEED

This band includes applicants with high need for rehousing. The band is time limited and prioritised in point order and applicants must be somewhat flexible in looking for accommodation.

Applicants placed within this band include:

Council Tenants releasing a high demand property

An existing tenant of Bolsover District Council whose move would release a high demand property for the use of another applicant. This includes

- Tenants who occupy a house and wish to move to either a flat or a bungalow.
- Tenants who occupy a two bedroomed bungalow or flat and wish to move to a one bedroomed bungalow or into sheltered accommodation.

This only applies when the original property is available to the Council for reletting. Although this is primarily designed for tenants of Bolsover District Council it may also be applied to Housing Association Tenants within the District when the original property is then made available for a Council nomination.

Bolsover District Council successor tenant who will move to smaller accommodation

An applicant who has succeeded to the tenancy of a property and is willing to move to a smaller property. See the policy on Succession – separate document

Bolsover Council Tenants who will release a property with substantial adaptations where no longer needed by the household

An applicant may be given Band B priority status when:

- A tenant is occupying Council property which was specially built or substantially adapted for a person with a disability and the accommodation is no longer needed or
- A tenant has succeeded to the tenancy of a Council property which was specially built or substantially adapted for a person with a disability and they do not need this accommodation (also see policy on Succession)

The Council will decide the definition of "substantially adapted' and this will take account of the scope, age and degree of personalisation of any works.

Bolsover Council Tenants who need Adaptations to their Current Property.

If there is an identified need for adaptations to the current property and there is another property with these adaptations already fitted. This will apply only when the applicant has been assessed by an Occupational Therapist, and excludes minor adaptations (for example grab rails).

If an applicant chooses not to move, or to bid for accommodation the Council will not carry out adaptations at the current home.

High medical need

Applicants with severe high needs or with disabilities where their quality of life will improve significantly if they moved to alternative accommodation. This only applies when the medical assessment has recommended awarding between 12 and 19 points (see Appendix B). This level of points can only be awarded by the medical assessor and where the current property is unsuitable

Positions within the Band

An applicants positions within Band B is determined by points awarded.

It two or more applicants have the same Band B points the applicant with the earliest Band B status will be offered the property first.

Time limit on Band B status

- Band B status is granted to enable applicants to be re-housed as quickly as possible to resolve their high housing needs and is not intended to allow applicants to access a restricted choice of accommodation.
- Priority B is given to applicants for one year.
- Once the applicant has been granted a Band B status the Housing Needs Officers will provide advice and assistance on how to bid for properties and the review process if they have not been re-housed within one year.

• Applicants are expected to consider and bid for as wide a range of housing and areas as possible. Once priority is granted the applicant will be advised of the accommodation and areas that are considered suitable for their needs and for which they are expected to bid.

BAND C – APPLICANTS WITH SOME HOUSING NEED

The majority of applicants with housing need will be placed within Band C.

This includes applicant who qualify for points in any of the categories below and is prioritised in points order:

Tenure Points:

To reflect the applicants current housing situation. This is restricted to people who currently live within the Bolsover District area, or people from outside the District who have a connection with the area.

- People leaving move-on accommodation
- Applicants in shared accommodation
- Applicants with an assured shorthold tenancy (usually privately rented accommodation)
- Applicants who are tenants of Bolsover District Council.
- Applicants who are tenants of a Housing Association within the Bolsover area.
- Owner occupiers over 60 or with a need for specialist accommodation

Medical Needs

Applicants with some medical needs (less than 12 points).

Social Needs

Applicants with Social Needs. These are assessed on 2 criteria:

- Applicants who need to move to offer or receive support, and/or
- Applicants in financial hardship.

The assessment of Social Needs is shown in Appendix C

Lacking or Sharing Amenities.

Applicants who are lacking or sharing the following amenities, this includes:

- Toilet
- Kitchen
- Hot Water
- Central Heating.

Points will be awarded per facility missing or shared see Appendix A for details.

This does not include applicants who are sharing facilities with family or friends, or applicants whose actions have contributed to the lack of amenities (for example not paying the bill or causing damage)

Time Limit of Band C Status

There is no time limit on Band C status.

Position within Band C

An applicants position within Band C is determined by the points total awarded.

BAND D – APPLICANTS WITH LOW HOUSING NEED

Applicants with a LOW housing need

Applicants who do not qualify for any Housing Need Bands A, B or C because they have no immediate need for re-housing and is prioritised in date order.

- Owner Occupiers general needs
- Tenants of other local authorities.
- Tenants of Housing Association outside the District.
- Other applicants from outside the District.

Position within Band D

An applicant's position within Band D is determined by the original date of an application for re-housing. Offers of accommodation will be made by date order of the housing application.

REVIEW OF PRIORITY – Band A and Band B

If an applicant with Band A priority has not been rehoused after a 3month period or an applicant with Band B has not been rehoused after a 12 month period the Housing Needs Manager will conduct a review of the applicants situation.

The Housing Needs Manager is able to extend the priority for Band A applicants by one further period of 3 months, and Band B applicants by one further period of 6 months.

Further extensions may be agreed by the HARP panel – the panel are able to extend priority indefinitely but must review each Band A case at least every three months and each Band B case every 6 months.

The following guidance applies to the review of priority.

a. Applicant refusal of a suitable property

Description - The applicant has refused the offer of one or more properties for which they have bid.

Outcome - If any of the properties are considered suitable by Housing Needs Officer the priority will be cancelled and the application re-assessed and moved to the relevant Band. If none of the properties are suitable then see section d.

b. Applicant failure to bid

Description this applies where:

- There has been a range of properties for which it was reasonable for the applicant to bid and they have failed to do so or
- They have restricted their bids to a limited number of properties

and as a result of this have not received an offer of a property.

Outcome – Priority will be cancelled and the application re-assessed and moved to the relevant band.

c. Applicant has bid unsuccessfully

Description - An applicant has bid for a wide range of properties that have been available but has been unsuccessful in these bids.

Outcome - In these cases the priority status will be extended.

d. Lack of suitable properties

Description - This applies where:

- The applicant requires a specific type of property or their priority has been restricted to a specific area and
- There have been no properties available that meet these requirements or the applicant has bid unsuccessfully.

Outcome – The priority status will be extended.

REVIEW OF PRIORITY – Band C and Band D

If an applicant refuses an offer of accommodation where they have made a bid, the application will be suspended from a period of 12 months. This means they will be unable to bid for accommodation until 12 months has elapsed from the date of the suspension.

If the application is reinstated, and the applicant refuses further properties where they have made a bid their application will be permanently suspended.

If an applicant is suspended they will be informed in writing. They are able to appeal against the suspension, or the length of suspension. This appeal will be decided by the Head of Housing.

Appeals

If a priority status is removed from an applicant they have the right to appeal, and will be informed of this right. An appeal will be considered by an Officer who is senior to the officer making the original decision. Any appeal must be in writing

Person Making Decision	Person considering appeal
Housing Needs Manager	Head of Housing
HARP Panel	Head of Housing

ADVERTISING AND BIDDING

The basis of a Choice Based letting system is that the majority of properties are advertised and applicants are able to 'bid' on these properties.

However, there will be times when certain properties are excluded from the bidding process this includes, but is not limited to:

- Properties that have extensive adaptations.
- Three bed roomed bungalows that are suitable for people with disabilities.
- Properties that are required for emergency accommodation (although in most cases these will be offered once the emergency is over). This may include events such as flooding, or a requirement to offer short term emergency accommodation to a household.
- Properties that are in areas where a local letting policy is in place
- When there is an applicant with such high or unusual needs that their needs are unlikely to be met through the normal allocation and bidding process.

All such cases will be confirmed by the HARP panel and will be reported to members quarterly. If in any month more than 10% of properties are excluded from the advertising the Head of Housing will report to the Portfolio Holder for Housing

Advertising

The advertising of the properties available for allocation will be done as widely as practical to give all applicants a reasonable opportunity to bid for the tenancy of a property. This could include advertisements listing properties through:

- the Contact Centres
- Community Centres
- Website
- Local support agencies and housing providers
- Other local agencies such as the library service and other places where people congregate

- Direct mailings to applicants unable to access other advertisement sources
- GP Surgeries
- Parish Council offices
- Dedicated telephone line

The methods of advertisement will be reviewed and other options may be introduced if they extend the accessibility, quality and breadth of the service.

The Council may levy a charge for applicants who chose to have information sent to them. This charge will cover costs only.

Available properties will normally be advertised on a regular basis and applicants given a restricted time to place a bid. The bidding rules and deadlines will be available to applicants. The Council will not accept any bids received after the deadline.

Bidding

The majority of properties will be advertised, and applicants will be expected to express their interest by 'bidding' for properties that meet their needs. The property will then be offered to the highest placed applicant in the relevant band who has bid for the property providing the applicant is eligible for the property.

- Bids will only be registered if the applicant is on the housing register
- Applicants will not be contacted individually if their bid is unsuccessful. However the results of the bids will be advertised on a regular basis.
- Applicants can express an interest in up to a maximum of 3 properties in any single bidding cycle.
- Bids can be withdrawn at any time prior to the closing date.
- When the applicant wishes to bid for more than one property they should bid in their order of preference of the properties that is bidding firstly for the property they would like to live in
- Bids will be accepted from nominated representatives of the applicant. To make a bid on behalf of an applicant the representative will be required to give the Housing Application Reference Number and date of birth for the first applicant
- Bids received after the advertised closing date and time will not be accepted under any circumstances
- At the end of each lettings cycle the bids will be sorted in order of:
 - o meeting the lettings criteria as stated in the property advert
 - points order for Bands B and C
 - date order for Bands A and D
- Where an applicant has bid for more than one property and is top of the short list for more than one property they will be offered the property for which they have bid first

QUOTAs

The Head of Housing has discretion to set quotas for lettings. This will be in discussion with the Portfolio Holder for Housing, and will be reported to the next meeting of the Executive Committee. The suggested quotas are included in appendix D.

The Head of Housing has flexibility to change quotas up to 5% as required. (For clarity this means that, a quota may be changed from 25% to between 20% and 30%).

If, there is a need to change these quotas more substantially this may be agreed in advance by the Executive. The Executive are able to authorise changes to Appendix C without the need to review the policy in its entirety.

Offers of Accommodation

- Applicants will be considered for an offer for any property for which they have bid successfully
- Applicants will only be made one offer of a property at a time. Once an applicant has been made an offer they will not be able to bid or be considered for other offers of accommodation until the current offer is refused
- The successful bidder will normally be contacted within 48 hours of the close of bids. Applicants should ensure that at the time of bid that current up to date contact details are available. If contact cannot be made with the successful bidder within 48 hours this could result in the bid being withdrawn and the property being offered to the next suitable bidder.
- As part of the offer we will provide details of the property and make arrangements to view it as quickly as possible. Applicants are expected to decide whether to accept or refuse the offer within 48 hours of viewing the property. If applicants do not inform Bolsover District Council of their decision within this period the offer may be withdrawn and the property allocated to the next suitable bidder.

Non Bidders

If applicants on the Housing Register do not express an interest in any property over an extended period of time, we will contact them to see if they need any help using this system or if their circumstances have changed. **Review of the Housing Register**

The Council will carry out annual reviews of the Housing Register. Failure to respond to the review will result in the application being cancelled.

Review of the operation of the Lettings Policy

The Council will undertake periodic reviews of the Lettings Policy

The Role of the HARP Panel

Although this policy aims to establish a set of 'rules' for the allocation of properties within the District from time to time there will be situations that fall outside the scope of this guidance where decisions need to be made. In order to ensure that these decisions are made fairly and transparently it is intended to establish a Housing Application Review Panel (HARP).

The HARP panel will be made up of three members:

- The Housing Needs Manager
- The Housing Enforcement Manager
- A Housing Needs Officer or a Tenancy Management Officer (on a rota)

Either the Housing Needs Manager or the Housing Enforcement Manager must be in attendance.

The panel will seek information from others as needed. However, neither the applicants nor their advocates will be able to attend the meeting.

The panel will meet monthly, or as needed to consider urgent cases. The panel will have several functions.

- To consider if normal 'rules' within this policy on excluding applicants should apply, or if the individual circumstances of that applicant suggest these should be waived.
- To confirm the level of priority given to applicants to be considered for smaller accommodation
- To consider cases whose housing needs are not met through the normal guidance. For example families who need additional rooms to cope with medical conditions, or families who are suffering from harassment or serious Anti-Social Behaviour.
- To consider cases where their circumstances mean they could be placed in a different priority group.
- To ensure that the authority makes best use of its housing stock by making direct allocations to unusual properties (examples may be properties with extensive adaptations)
- To consider unusual and emergency applications. For example people with multiple and complex housing needs those who have a need to be rehoused in a particular type of property, or to ensure that the Council makes best use of particular properties or adaptations.

In addition the HARP panel will be able to consider applicants to be barred from the waiting list and to set timescales or conditions that would allow the person to be reconsidered.

The panel will be able to make the following decisions:

- To award absolute priority to an applicant to ensure they are awarded a particular property.
- To award additional points to reflect the needs of the applicant
- To waive the normal rules on property size and location.
- To request additional information or clarification. This may include seeking independent medical advice or other complex issues.
- To award no priority.

Minutes will be kept of each meeting and decisions noted. Over time it is hoped that this will ensure that decisions made are robustly checked against other decisions.

Applicants will be informed of their case within 10 working days of each meeting.

Information and trends from the panel will inform future revisions of the allocations policy

All decision letters from the panel should inform the applicant of their right to appeal any decision, and of the role that elected members can play as advocates in this process. Any appeal should be considered initially by the Head of Housing. If he/she receives 'significant' new information he/she can refer the case back to the Panel to reconsider.

(Note: In cases that are within the portfolio holders ward, the portfolio holder will be excluded from the Appeal Board with their place taken by another member of the Executive)

Any other appeal will be considered by an Appeal Board consisting of:

- The Head of Housing
- The Portfolio Holder for Housing Management
- A Member of the Senior Management Team

The Appeal Board will look at individual cases and determine if the panel has made a decision that:

- i) Is consistent with other decisions made by the panel
- ii) Has taken account of all the information made available.

The Appeal Board can decide either to uphold the original panel decision or to ask the panel to reconsider the case. The Appeal Board cannot make any other decision.

Note: Occasionally the HARP panel will be asked to allocate certain 'unusual' properties from a pool of applicants. If an applicant is not allocated a property through this process there can be no appeal.

The Role of Elected Members

It is recognised that although legislation excludes members from the allocation of individual properties, and from considering individual housing applicants. It is however recognised that members can play an important role in the allocations process.

There is a major role for members in acting as an advocate from applicants. All letters to applicant informing them of the outcome of any HARP case will inform applicants of their right to involve their local member in preparing an appeal.

When an applicant signs their tenancy agreement, they will be asked if their information can be passed to local members. If the applicant agrees local members will be informed of the name and previous address of the incoming tenant.

Members are responsible for monitoring the success of the allocations procedure and will receive regular statistical information on the system.

Pre-Letting Checks

Wherever practical applicants should be visited prior to making an offer of accommodation. The purpose of the visit is twofold:

- Firstly, to check household details
- Secondly, to check requirements have not changed.

If the visiting officer discovers the details are incorrect, no offer of accommodation should be made, and the tenant informed of the reasons in writing.

If the applicant is a current tenant of the Council – the visit should also look at the condition of the property. If there is a breach of tenancy such as damage to the property, unauthorised alterations or rent arrears, the tenant should be informed that they will not be offered alternative accommodation until the breach is resolved.

If there are issues with the cleanliness of the property or the state of the garden the tenant should be advised that the Council requires the property to be returned in a lettable standard. If the property does not meet this standard the transfer will be blocked. The tenant should be given a reasonable amount of time to meet the required standard. If not the transfer should be blocked and the tenant informed of this and the reason.

Exceptions to this can be agreed by the HARP Panel.

Type of Tenancy

Secure tenancies

Unless they have been accepted as homeless applicants who are allocated properties will be offered secure tenancies. Applicants who have been accepted as homeless will be offered non-secure tenancies.

Non-Secure tenancies

Tenants who are allocated properties as result of the Council accepting a duty to them as homeless will be initially offered a non-secure tenancy. This will last between 6 and 12 months during which time staff will monitor the tenancy and if appropriate arrange support for the tenant. During this time there are several options:

- If the original accommodation was not suitable for the household because of location or size the applicant can be offered an alternative secure tenancy in another property.
- If the tenant has demonstrated they are managing their tenancy well, and the accommodation is appropriate they will be offered a secure tenancy of the same property.
- If the tenant is facing difficulty with the tenancy officers will liaise with the appropriate agencies and attempt to facilitate support for the tenant to enable them to manage the tenancy. In such case the tenancy will remain a non-secure tenancy.
- If the tenant is not managing the tenancy the Council will seek possession through the court.

A non- secure tenancy offers less protection to the tenant, and the tenant enjoys fewer rights than a secure tenant.

Short Term Non-Secure Tenancies

In some homelessness investigations the Council has a duty to either provide accommodation whilst the claim is investigated, or a duty to secure accommodation for a period (usually 28 days) to give time for the applicant to make their own arrangement.

In such situations, the Council can use its own housing stock as an alternative to bed and breakfast accommodation. Applicants who are offered short term accommodation will be offered a non-secure tenancy to run for a fixed period of time (typically 28 days). At the end of this period if the Council have no further duty to the applicant we will seek possession of the property. If there is an additional duty to the applicant the tenancy can be extended for an additional period. Appendix A – Points Awarded

1. Present tenure (highest category only)	
A - Leaving "move on" accommodation	40
B - Applicants in shared accommodation	24
C – Assured shorthold tenancy	20
D – Bolsover DC tenancy or RSL within Bolsover District.	16
E – Tenant of another Council or RSL outside Bolsover District	12
F – Owner / Occupier (over 60 or needs access to specialist accommodation)	8
G – Owner / Occupier (under 60)	2
2 – Waiting time on housing register	
1 per year to a maximum of 10	10
	(max)
3 – Length of Current Residence (Not owner occupiers)	
1 point per year to a maximum of 10	10
	(max)
4. Local Village Connection	
Currently living and looking for accommodation in same village (after a 12	4
month qualifying period)	
5. Medical	
Health or medical grounds (see table)	30
J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J	(max)
6, Social Need or Financial Need	í í
Other circumstances not covered elsewhere (see Appendix C)	10
	(max)
7. Overcrowding	
Points per bedroom lacking	5
8. Age	
1 point for each year applicant is aged over 70 to a maximum of 10	10
	(max)
9. Children in flats	
Child under 14 in upstairs flat	5
10. Village of Birth	
To be rehoused in village of birth when living outside that village	4
11. Lack of amenities	
Lacking - Bath and Shower, Internal WC, Kitchen, Hot Water, Central Heating	4
(points per facility lacking to a maximum of 20)	
Sharing - Bath and Shower, Internal WC, Kitchen, Hot Water, Central Heating	2
(points per facility shared to a maximum of 10). (No points awarded is sharing	
with family or friends)	
12. Under or over occupation of BDC dwelling – (only if the Council will be	
given vacant possession)	
Under occupation	15
Overcrowded	10

Appendix B – Medical Points

Medical Need / Current Housing	Ground Floor / Property with adaptations	Property with external steps – but no internal access problems. (App can access WC / Bath / Bedroom)	Property with internal access problems – or facilities are lacking.
High	15 Points - Wheelchair bound & current home cannot be adapted	25 Points – Wheelchair bound & property cannot be adapted	30 Points – Wheelchair bound & property cannot be adapted - Chronic Lung Condition (needs oxygen full time)
		20 Points - Chronic Lung Condition (needs oxygen) - Above knee amputation	25 Points - Chronic Lung Condition (needs oxygen part time) - Above knee amputation
Medium	5 Points - Requires level access bathing (current home cannot be adapted)	 15 Points. Unstable epilepsy Severe mobility impairment (unable to move around home) Angina Severe arthritis 	20 Points. - Unstable epilepsy - Severe mobility impairment • Angina • Severe arthritis - WC on different level • Chronic chrohns • Bladder / bowel / kidney problems
		 10 Points Blind or partially sighted Moderate mobility impairment (unable to manage stairs) Angina / Heart problems Severe arthritis 	 15 Points Blind or partially sighted Moderate mobility impairment (unable to manage stairs) Angina / Heart problems Severe arthritis
Low	2 Points - Need for sheltered accommodation	 5 Points - Epilepsy controlled with medication - High blood pressure - Use of inhaler (mild mobility issues) - ME (mild mobility issues Heart problems / Angina / Arthritis controlled by medication 	10 Points - Epilepsy controlled with medication - High blood pressure - Use of inhaler (mild mobility issues) - ME (mild mobility issues) - Heart problems / Angina / Arthritis controlled by medication
Other			2 points Use of inhalers if current home unheated.

Notes	Complex issues – eg Multiple sclerosis or Myalgic Encephalopathy always referred to medical advisors for determination Mental health issues only considered if housing would significantly improve issues – maximum 5 points to be determined by HARP panel (who may seek advice from medical advisors)
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Prepared by	Date prepared	
System updated by	Date system updated	

 Referred to for medical assessment – Band A
 Referred for medical

Referred for medical assessment – Band B

SUPPORT (either	section a or section b)	Points			
	support from family or carer	0			
Low - Help with shopping, social visits. Applicant has access to own or public					
transport and shops		2			
Medium – Needs help with shopping, laundry & cleaning. No shop and cannot					
	Limited access to public transport	-			
•	Cannot carry out household tasks. May need help	4			
bathing (permanently)					
b. Applicant gives su	upport to family member to medium or high level				
	port or lives in same village	0			
	during day – reliant on public transport or lifts.	2			
	no access to public transport.	4			
	· · · ·				
FINANCIAL (eithe	r section a or section b) – Not current				
•	or Housing Association Tenants				
a. If applicant receive	es full housing benefit but has to pay a 'top-up'				
	es full housing benefit but has to pay a 'top-up' tions and 'claw-back' are not included				
charge. (Note deduc	tions and 'claw-back' are not included	2			
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Note – Any award of social needs points will place applicant in Band C (unless applicant is in Band A or B)

Appendix D

Properties available to be let will be allocated into one of the following groups. Only applicants within that group will be able to bid for properties that are advertised for properties that are advertised for this band.

Band	Description	Quota	Highest	Lowest
A	Urgent Housing Need	20%	25%	15%
В	High Housing Needs	15%	20%	10%
С	Some Housing Needs	50%	55%	45%
D	Low Housing Need	5%	10%	0%
Sub-regional	Let through sub regional scheme	10%	10%	10%

The Quota may varied from time to time by the Executive.

The Head of Housing, in consultation with the Portfolio Holder for Housing is able to vary the quota between the highest and lowest bands to reflect potential changes in demand.

This is version 1 of this quota and is effective from April 2010 This will reviewed on a regular basis and changed without notice to applicants. The most current version is always available on the Councils website at www.bolsover.gov.uk